# pres O#Intro

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# pres 1#Intro Geo Carncross <g@telemetry.com> \* Big: 1.6TB lzma'd logfiles per day from all over the world! \* Fast: Deadline is 50msec \* 100% Uptime is normal for us. Our logfiles are money! (we do other things, like fighting bad guys committing ad fraud, and everyone in my office is enjoying a beer right now... let me know if this is something you want to know more about)

\* I'm part of the reason ads play fine, but your Youtube stutters

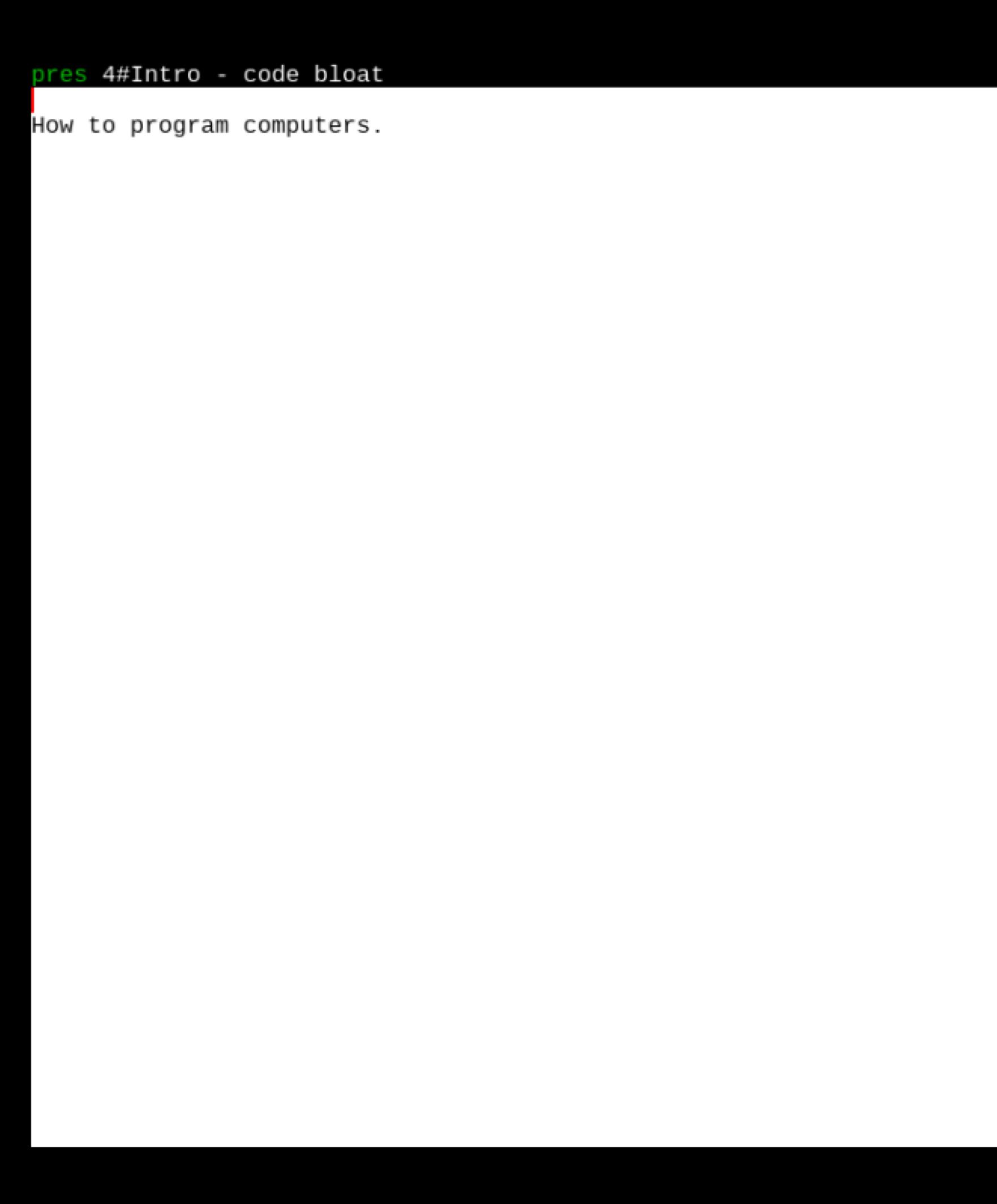
# pres 2#Intro

How to program computers.

# pres 3#Intro

How to program computers. (no really)

<sup>\*</sup> Yes, I will be talking about kOS



# pres 5#Intro - code bloat

How to program computers.

\* Give it a meaningful definition

# pres 6#Intro - code bloat

How to program computers.

- \* Give it a meaningful definition
- \* Don't be distracted by other, informal uses of "code bloat"

# pres 7#Intro - code bloat

How to program computers.

- \* Give it a meaningful definition
- \* Don't be distracted by other, informal uses of "code bloat"
- \* Work the problem as it appears

# pres 8#Intro - kos

How to program computers.

kos is a small team (4 people)

#### pres 9#Intro - kos

How to program computers.

kos is tiny

- \* k is arthur's language; something like scheme+apl
- \* kdb is a database faster than popular rdbms by a factor of 1000x
- \* z is a gui and window manager, icons, mouse and font
- \* kos kernel is modesetting, memory, vmm, isr, and filesystem

#### pres 10#Intro - kos

How to program computers.

kos is tiny

- \* k is 300 lines of C across 5 files
- \* kdb adds only about 100 lines of C
- \* z adds another 60 lines of C
- \* kos kernel is 100 lines of C/assembly

# pres 11#Intro - kos

kos is how to program computers.

for(i=0;i<1000000;++i); i:1000000(1+)/1

# pres 12#Intro - kos

kos is how to program computers.

```
for(i=0;i<10000000;++i); i:10000000(1+)/1
real 0m0.008s real 0m0.191s
user 0m0.003s user 0m0.185s
sys 0m0.002s sys 0m0.003s
```

```
13#Intro - kdb
     msec
sql 6400
sqlA 4200
kdb: select last bid by sym from quote where date=d,sym in S
sql:
 select sym,last(bid order by time) from quote
 where date=d and sym in (select sym from S) group by sym
sqlA:
 select sym, bid from
    (select sym,bid,row_number()
        over(partition by sym order by time desc)
        as row from quote where date=d and sym in(select sym from S)
    ) AS q where row=1
```

#### pres 14#Intro - how

- \* Unnecessary code is a bug and we try to remove it.
- \* Slow programs are the programmers responsibility.
- \* Bugs are mistakes we programmers make; they are not inevitable or ok.
- \* The programmer is responsible that the program is used correctly.
- \* "O" complexity ignores that computers are made of hardware
  - \* Arrays might be O(1) when small but O(log n) when bigger
  - \* B-trees are a terrible data structure for storing data
  - \* Hashtables aren't remotely close to O(1)
- \* "Best practices" are a straw man that make having real discussions about making systems difficult.
  - \* That includes syntax hilighting
- \* . . . and object-oriented programming
- \* ... and what is "clean code"?
- \* ... and unit-tests
- \* . . . and debian packages
- \* ... and puppet/chef/etc
- \* Programming correctly is hard!
- \* Can you write an algorithm shorter or faster than me? If so I'd like to talk to you: PUTITYYEUOP

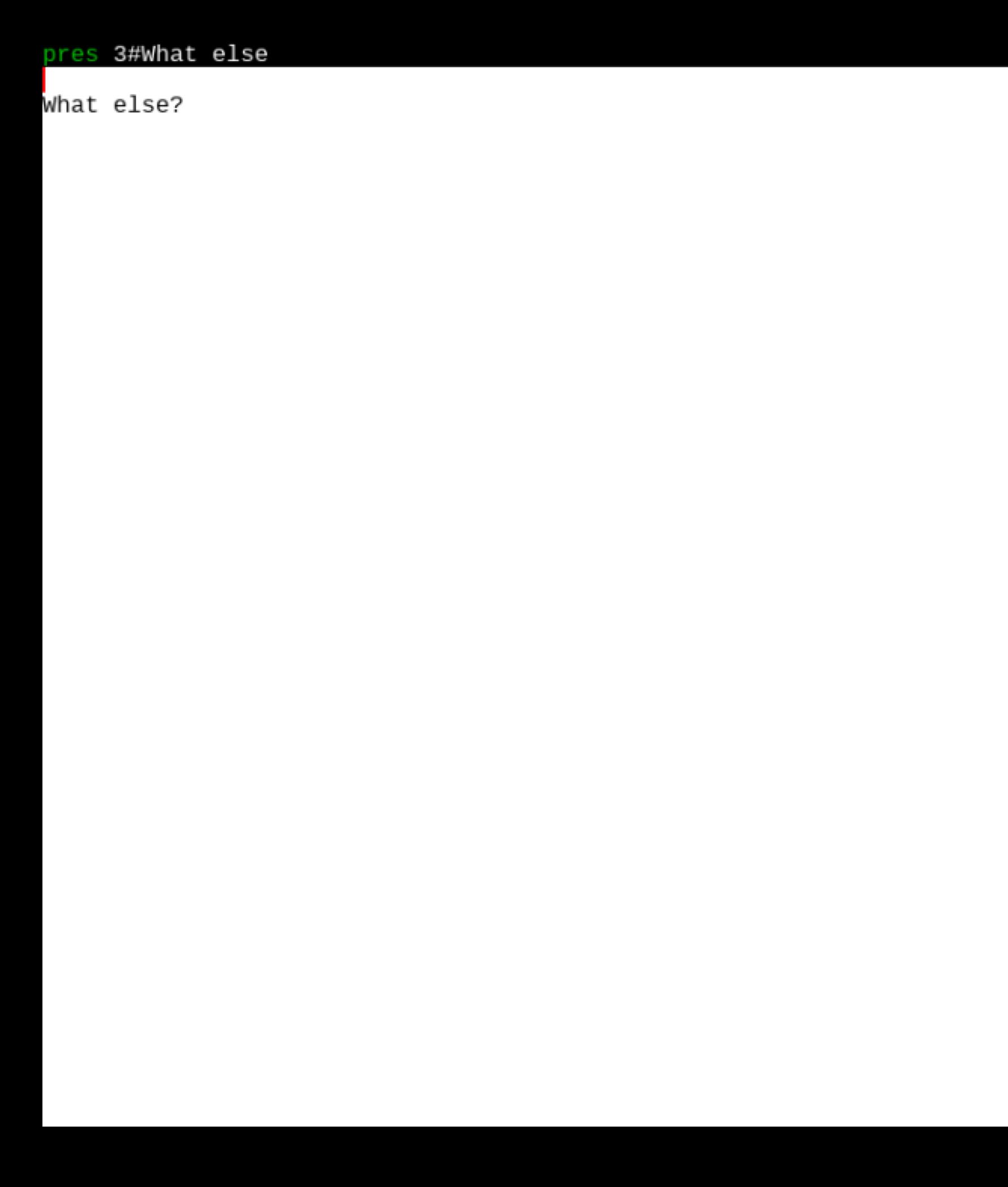
# pres 0#What else What else?

# pres 1#Hello World?

```
main(){puts("Hello World");} k:"Hello World"
real 0m0.006s real 0m0.016s
user 0m0.001s user 0m0.012s
sys 0m0.002s sys 0m0.006s
```

#### ores 2#What else

- \* Unnecessary code is a bug and we try to remove it.
- \* Slow programs are the programmers responsibility.
- \* Bugs are mistakes we programmers make; they are not inevitable or ok.
- \* The programmer is responsible that the program is used correctly.
- \* "O" complexity ignores that computers are made of hardware
  - \* Arrays might be O(1) when small but O(log n) when bigger
  - \* B-trees are a terrible data structure for storing data
  - \* Hashtables aren't remotely close to O(1)
- \* "Best practices" are a straw man that make having real discussions about making systems difficult.
  - \* That includes syntax hilighting
- \* . . . and object-oriented programming
- t ... and type systems
- \* ... and unit-tests
- \* . . . and debian packages
- \* ... and puppet/chef/etc
- \* Programming correctly is hard!



# pres 4#Goodbye

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```
n:0;p:0:"p.md";co:{p::0:0'""}
c::(&"#"=*:'p),#p;a::*(1 0+c[n,n+1])_p;x::($n),p c n
z::{1'((x**F),0;a[x])}'!#a;
lx:{2'(0;W;7);n::|/0,&/(-2+#c),n+x}
```